



**Competition Commission of India's
(CCI) Market Study of India's
Diagnostic Medical Imaging
Equipment Industry: Key Insights
and Recommendations**



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Competition Commission of India's (CCI) Market Study of India's Diagnostic Medical Imaging Equipment Industry: Key Insights and Recommendations

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Introduction

Market studies help competition authorities understand how specific markets function and assess competition within sectors. These research projects analyse market performance, regulations, and the behaviour of consumers and businesses. They also offer insights for recommending actions to governments, regulators, businesses, and industry groups.

The study gathers information through surveys, stakeholder meetings, focus groups, workshops, and written submissions, assuming that all data provided is complete, accurate, and truthful.

Recently, the Competition Commission of India (CCI) published key findings from its **Market Study of the Diagnostic Medical Imaging (DMI) Equipment Industry**, with a focus on **MRI and CT scan machines**. The study aimed to:

1. Understand the value chain of the DMI industry, including the role and interactions of various stakeholders.
2. Examine market structure and competition at each level of the value chain.
3. Identify the challenges faced by different stakeholders.

Table of contents

- [Introduction](#)
- [Key Findings](#)
- [Recommendations to Improve Competition and Efficiency](#)
- [Conclusion](#)
- [Contact Information](#)

Key Findings

1. Market Overview and Growth

- The DMI equipment market is expanding, with an estimated value of **INR 20,968 crores by 2026**, growing at a **9.8% CAGR**.
- However, **80% of equipment is imported** due to supply chain challenges, limited infrastructure, and high setup costs.
- **Key import sources:**
 - **CT scanners:** China, USA, and Germany
 - **MRI machines:** China, USA, and the Netherlands

2. Value Chain and Market Structure

The market comprises:

- Original Equipment Manufacturers (OEMs)
- OEM-authorized dealers
- Independent refurbished equipment suppliers
- After-sales service providers
- Hospitals, diagnostic centres, and patients

3. Level of Competition at Various Nodes of the Value Chain

A. New Equipment Market

- **Oligopolistic conditions** exist, with a few OEMs (e.g., Siemens, GE, Philips) dominating:
 - **CT scan machines:** 98% market share
 - **MRI machines (by revenue):** 91% market share
- **Moderate to high entry barriers** exist due to technology access, import dependency, and brand preferences for domestic manufacturers.
- **OEMs have a competitive advantage** through financial strength, R&D capabilities, and market experience.
- **Competitive pricing** arises from hospitals' and diagnostic centres' countervailing buying power.

B. Refurbished Equipment Market

- **Fragmented market**, offering budget-friendly options with involvement from both OEMs and independent suppliers.
 - **Customers**: Smaller healthcare facilities seeking affordable equipment options.
 - **Dynamic competition** leads to competitive pricing due to the presence of multiple players.

C. After-Sales Services Market

- **Competition is based on factors** such as equipment lifespan, bundled service packages, and the total cost of ownership throughout the equipment's lifecycle.
- **Refurbished equipment market** sees dynamic competition among suppliers providing after-sales services.

D. Role of Hospitals and Diagnostic Centres

- **Hospitals and diagnostic centres** act as both buyers and service providers, occupying a central position in the value chain.
 - Entry barriers exist due to **high equipment costs**, but they can **negotiate favourable terms** with OEMs, ensuring competitive purchases.
 - As service providers, they face **intense competition** not only in pricing but also in terms of the technology and equipment used.
 - The study found **competitive conditions across the six cities** covered in the analysis.

E. Patients' Role

- Patients compare prices across centres, benefiting from **discounts** and a variety of service options.

4. Challenges Identified

- **Shortage of skilled personnel**
- **Delays in procurement** of spare parts
- **Complex procurement processes**
- **High investment costs**

Recommendations to Improve Competition and Efficiency

1. Promote Domestic Manufacturing

- Increase **assembly units** and gradually shift toward full-scale **local production** to reduce import dependency.

2. Develop Infrastructure

- Encourage **public-private partnerships (PPP)** to attract investments and enhance quality through more **NABL-accredited testing laboratories**.

3. Enhance Transparency

- OEMs should adopt **self-regulation** to ensure transparency in **pricing, spare parts availability, and after-sales services**.

4. Open Market for Spare Parts

- Provide **independent suppliers and service providers** with better access to spare parts to foster competition.

Conclusion

The CCI's market study **of India's Diagnostic Medical Imaging Equipment Industry** underscores the critical need for **local manufacturing, transparent business practices, and collaborative infrastructure development** to reduce import dependency and promote sustainable competition in the DMI equipment industry. A **competitive market** will drive innovation, improve efficiency, and deliver better services to consumers, ensuring **long-term growth** in India's healthcare sector.

Contact Information

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